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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
ELECTRIC-WELD REGULAR BODIED CLEAR CEMENT
Cement for PVC Plastic Pipe
PVC Resin in Solvent Solution
PVC Plastic Pipe Cement
UNITED ELCHEM IND. c/o OATEY CO. 4700 West 160th Street
P.O. Box 35906 Cleveland, Ohio 44135, U.S.A.
http://www.elchem.com, http://www.oatey.com
(216) 267-7100 or (800) 321-9532
For Emergency First Aid call 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT. For
chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at
1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887.
Corporate Director - Safety and Environmental Compliance
August 18, 2005

SECTION 2	COMPOSITION	INFORMATION	ON INGREDIENTS	1	
INGREDIENTS:	%wt∕wt:	CAS NUMBER:	ACGIH TLV TWA:	OSHA PEL 7	IWA: OTHER:
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	10 - 60%	78-93-3	200 ppm	200 ppm	None
			300 ppm STEL		
Tetrahydrofuran	20 - 50%	109-99-9	50 ppm(skin)	200 ppm	25 ppm (Mfg)
			100 ppm STEL		
Acetone	0 - 20%	67-64-1	500 ppm	1000 ppm	None
			750 ppm STEL		
PVC Resin	10 - 18%	9002-86-2	10 mg/m3	15 mg/m3	None
(Non-hazardous)					
Cyclohexanone	2 - 15%	108-94-1	20 ppm(skin)	50 ppm	None
			50 ppm STEL		

OSHA Hazard Classification: Flammable, irritant, organ effects

SECTION 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Clear liquid with an ether-like odor. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may cause flash fire. May cause eye and skin irritation. Inhalation of vapors or mist may cause respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects. Swallowing may cause irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and kidney or liver disorders. Aspiration hazard. May be fatal if swallowed. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

CALL 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT

Skin:Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with
soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops. Remove
dried cement with Oatey Plumber's Hand Cleaner or baby oil.Eyes:If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately

- flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.
- Inhalation: If symptoms of exposure develop, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital.

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SECTION 5	FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES
Flashpoint / Method:	0 - 5 Degrees F. (-1815 Degrees C) / PMCC
Flammability:	LEL = 1.8 % Volume, UEL = 11.8 % Volume
Extinguishing	Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire. Cool fire
Media:	exposed container with water. Water may be ineffective as an
	extinguishing agent.
Special Fire	Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained
Fighting	breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in
Procedure:	areas where chemicals are used or stored
Unusual Fire and	Extremely flammable liquid. Keep away from heat and all
Explosion	sources of ignition including sparks, flames, lighted
Hazards:	cigarettes and pilot lights. Containers may rupture or
	explode in the heat of a fire. Vapors are heavier than air
	and may travel to a remote ignition source and flash back.
	This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive
	organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.
Hazardous	Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including
Decomposition	carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.
Products:	

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill or Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Stop leak if it Leak can be done without risk. Personnel cleaning up the spill should Procedures: wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including respirators if vapor concentrations are high. Soak up spill with an inert absorbent such as sand, earth or other non-combusting material. Put absorbent material in covered, labeled metal containers. Prevent liquid from entering watercourses, sewers and natural waterways. Report releases to authorities as required. See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Handling: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use with adequate ventilation (equivalent to outdoors). Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the work area. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Keep containers closed when not in use.
- Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials. Keep containers closed when not in use.
- Other: "Empty" containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Follow all MSDS precautions in handling empty containers. Do not cut or weld on or near empty or full containers.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

- Ventilation: Open doors & windows. Provide ventilation capable of maintaining emissions at the point of use below recommended exposure limits. If used in enclosed area, use exhaust fans. Exhaust fans should be explosion-proof or set up in a way that flammable concentrations of solvent vapors are not exposed to electrical fixtures or hot surfaces.
- Respiratory Protection: For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained breathing apparatus.
- SkinRubber gloves are suitable for normal use of the product. For longProtection:exposures chemical resistant gloves may be required such as
4H(tm) or Silver Shield(tm) to avoid prolonged skin contact.

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SECTION 8 (Continued) Eye Safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles. Protection: Other: Eye wash and safety shower should be available.

Other: Eye	wash and safety shower sh	nould be available.
SECTION 9 Boiling Point:	PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL P 151 Degrees F / 66 De	
Melting Point:	Not applicable	grees c
Vapor Pressure:	145 mmHg @ 20 Degrees	5 C
Vapor Density:	(Air = 1) 2.5	
Volatile Componen	ts: 86-90%	
Solubility In Wat		
pH:	Not applicable	_
Specific Gravity:		
Evaporation Rate: Appearance:	(BUAC = 1) = 5.5 - 8. Clear Liquid	0
Odor:	Ether-Like	
Will Dissolve In:		
Material Is:	Liquid	
SECTION 10	STABILITY AND REACTIVIT	Y
Stability:	Stable.	
Conditions To Avo		lames and other sources of ignition.
Hazardous Decomposition		nce toxic and irritating vapors oxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen
Products:	chloride.	xide, carbon dioxide and nydrogen
Incompatibility/	Oxidizing agents, alk	alis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine
Materials To Avoi		ed inorganics (potassium, calcium and
		and hydrogen peroxides. May attack
Hazardous	plastic, resins and m Will not occur.	rubber.
Polymerization:	will not occur.	
rorymerracton.		
SECTION 11	TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATI	
Inhalation:		e mucous membrane and respiratory
		dache, dizziness, dullness, nausea, comiting. High concentrations may cause
		pression, narcosis and unconsciousness.
	May cause kidney, liver a	
Skin:		redness, itching and pain. Methyl
		anone may be absorbed through the skin
	5	o those listed under inhalation.
Eye:		on. Direct contact may cause irritation
	damage.	nd tearing of the eyes. May cause eye
Ingestion:	5	minal pain, nausea, vomiting and
5		ng swallowing or vomiting can cause
	chemical pneumonia and lu	ing damage. May cause kidney and liver
	damage.	
Chronic		erexposure cause dermatitis and damage
Toxicity: Toxicity Data:		ngs and central nervous system. 11 rat LD50: 5,800 mg/kg
ioxicity Data.		alation rat LC50: 50,100 mg/m3/8 hours
		al rat LD50: 1,620 mg/kg
	Inf	alation rat LC50: 8,000 ppm/4 hours
		n rabbit LD50: 1 mL/kg
		ul rat LD50: 1,650 mg/kg malation rat LC50: 21,000 ppm/3 hours
		$(a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n) = (a_1, a$

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SECTION 11 (Continued) Methyl Ethyl Ketone: Oral rat LD50: 2,737 mg/kg Inhalation rat LC50: 23,500 mg/m3/8 hours Skin rabbit LD50: 6,480 mg/kg Sensitization: None of the components are known to cause sensitization.

- Carcinogenicity: None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA. The National Toxicology Program has reported that exposure of mice and rats to tetrahydrofuran (THF) vapor levels up to 1800 ppm 6 hr/day, 5 days/week for their lifetime caused an increased incidence of kidney tumors in male rats and liver tumors in female mice. The significance of these findings for human health is unclear at this time, and may be related to "species specific" effects. Elevated incidences of tumors in humans have not been reported for THF. ACGIH has classified cyclohexanone (CYH) and tetrahydrofuran as "A3," Confirmed Animal Carcinogens with Unknown Relevance to Humans. Mutagenicity: Cyclohexanone has been positive in bacterial and mammalian assays. Acetone, methyl ethyl ketone and tetrahydrofuran are generally thought not to be mutagenic. Methyl ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone have been shown to cause Reproductive embryofetal toxicity and birth defects in laboratory animals. Toxicity: Acetone and tetrahydrofuran have been found to cause adverse developmental effects only when exposure levels cause other toxic effects to the mother. Medical Persons with pre-existing skin, lung, kidney or liver disorders Conditions may be at increased risk from exposure to this product. Aggravated By
- Exposure:

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. Cyclohexanone: 96 hour LC50 values for fish is over 100 mg/l. Tetrahydrofuran: 96 hour LC50 fathead minnow: 2160 mg/L. Methyl Ethyl Ketone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L. Acetone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L. VOC This product emits VOC's (volatile organic compounds) in its use. Information: Make sure that use of this product complies with local VOC emission regulations, where they exist. VOC Level: 550 g/l per SCAQMD Test Method 316A.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with current local, state and federal regulations.

RCRA Hazardous Waste Number: U002, U057, U159, U213 EPA Hazardous Waste ID Number: D001, D035, F003, F005 EPA Hazard Waste Class: Ignitable Waste. Toxic Waste (Methyl Ethyl Ketone content)

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	INFORMATION	5
DOT Less t	han 1 Liter (0.3 gal) Great	er than 1 Liter (0.3 gal)
Proper Shipping Name:	Consumer Commodity	Adhesives
Hazard Class/Packing Group:		3, PGII
UN/NA Number:	None	UN1133
Hazard Labels:	None	Flammable Liquid
IMDG	None	
-		
Proper Shipping Name:	Adhesives	Adhesives
Hazard Class/Packing Group:		3, II
UN Number:	UN1133	UN1133
Label:	None (Limited Quantities	Class 3 (Flammable
	are excepted	Liquid)
	from labeling)	
2004 North American Emergency	Response Guidebook Number:	127 or 128
SECTION 15 REGULATOR	(INFORMATION	
Hazard Category for Section	Acute Health, Chronic Heal	th, Flammable
311/312:		
Section 302 Extremely	This product does not cont	ain chemicals regulated
Hazardous Substances (TPO):	under SARA Section 302.	2
Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:	This product contains the	following chemicals
	subject to SARA Title III	
	requirements:	beedien eie nepeieing
	Chemical CAS #	≗ by wt
	ChemicalCAS #Methyl Ethyl Ketone78-93-	10-60
	Meenyr Henyr Recone 70 93	5 10 000
CERCLA 103 Reportable	Spills of this product ove	r the RQ (reportable
Quantity:	quantity) must be reported	
2 1 -	Center. The RQ for the pro	
		uum) of 1,000 lbs, is 2,000
	lbs. Many states have more	
		port spills required under
	federal, state and local r	
California Droposition (E.	This product contains trac	
California Proposition 65:		
		ause cancer. Under normal
		o these chemicals at levels
	above the State of Califor	
	Level" (NSRL) are unlikely	
	encourages the use of prop	
	equipment (PPE) and ventil	ation guidelines noted in
	Section 8 to minimize expo	sure to these chemicals.
TSCA Inventory:	All of the components of t	his product are listed on
-	the TSCA inventory.	-
Canadian WHIMS Classification		Class D, Division 2,
	Subdivision B; Class D, Di	
	This product has been class	
	the hazard criteria of the	
	Regulations (CPR) and the	
	information required by th	
	THISTWALTON LEGATLES DY CH	

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION NFPA and HMIS:

NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 Special: None HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 2* Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 PPE: G Disclaimer: The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, up-

to-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, Oatey cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly does not make warranties, nor assumes any liability for its use.