MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET STEEL PRODUCTS

	CODE NO	N/A	
ORIGINAL ISSUE DATE:	1/11/02	REVISED:	

I. IDENTIFICATION			INFORMATION	& EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS	•	
PRODUCT NAME: GALVANIZED CARBON STEEL PIPE & TUBE				(708) 339-1610		
COMMON NAME (S): EMT, IMC, RIGID, FENCE, MECHANICAL			MANUFACTURER: Allied Tube & Conduit Corp. 16100 South Lathrop Avenue Harvey, IL 60426			
II. INGREDIENTS A						
	NOTE: Steel Products under normal conditions do not present an inhalation, ingestion or contact health hazard (See Section VI). PAGE METAL ALLOYING EXPOSURE LIMITS*					
BASE METAL, ALLOYING ELEMENTS AND	% WEIGHT	*During operations (such as welding, burning or cutting) where dust or fumes are generated.			đ.	
METALLIC COATINGS	// WEIGHT	OSHA PE		ACGIH TLV (1992-1993)		
Base Metal: Iron	95.7 - 98.3	15 mg/M ³ for total part as iron oxide-total dus 5 mg/M ³ for total partic respirable fraction	t	5 mg/M ³ for iron oxide fumes		
Alloying Elements; Carbon	0.25 max.	None established		None established		
Manganese	0.95 max.	(c) 5 mg/M ³ - compour (b) 3 mg/M ³ - fume 1 mg/M ³ - fume	nds	5 mg/M ³ - dust & compounds 1 mg/M ³ - fume (b) 3 mg/M ³ - fume		
Phosphorus	0.035 max.	None for inorganic pho	osphates	None for inorganic phosphates		
Sulfur	0.035 max.	5 mg/M ³ as sulfur diox	ide	5.2 mg/M³ as sulfur dioxide	Ì	
		(b) 10 mg/M ³ as sulfur	dioxide	(b) 13 mg/M ³ as sulfur dioxide		
Metallic Coating				_		
*Zinc	0.5 - 3.00	5 mg/M ³ zinc oxide fur		10 mg/M ³ - zinc oxide total dust		
CAS NO. 7440-66-6		(b) 10 mg/M ³ - zinc ox	ide fume	5 mg/M ³ - zinc oxide fume		
Zinc Dust Or Fume		10 mg/M ³ - zinc oxide 5 mg/M ³ - zinc oxide r fraction		(b) 10 mg/M ³ zinc oxide fume		
*Aluminum	< 0.1	15 mg/M ³ - metal dus	•	10 mg/M³ - dust		
CAS NO. 7429-90-5 Aluminum Dust Or Fume	< 0.1	5 mg/M ³ - respirable fr		5 mg/M ³ - welding fumes		
Chromium	< 0.0005	1 mg/M ³ as metal		0.5 mg/M ³ as metal		
Polymeric O.D. Coatings	< 0.50	n/a		n/a		
Polymeric I.D. Coatings	0.1 max.	n/a		n/a		
(b) Denotes short term exposure (c) Denotes "ceiling limit" which i		ed at any time				
* Subject to Section EPCRA 313 r		1				
			his levels under the Ocu	A Hexard Communication		
NOTE: These products contain tre Standard Limit (29 CFR 19		arious elements but not at reporta	under the USA	e made vennumberen		
III. PHYSICAL DATA						
MELTING POINT			@ 000 000 ⁰	APPEARANCE Bright Metallic		
BASE METAL:	@ 2750°	METALLIC COATING:	@ 800-900°	AND ODOR: No Odor		
IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA STEEL PRODUCTS IN THE SOLID STATE PRESENT NO FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD.						
V. REACTIVITY DATA						
Stable under normal condition	s of use, storag	e and transport. Will react w	th strong acid to liber	rate hydrogen. At temperatures above the		
melting point of the coating, galvanized pipe may liberate zinc fumes, carbon monoxide and oxides of nitrogen. MSDS-GALVANIZED CARBON STEEL PIPE & TUBE Page 1						
			MSUS-GALVA	NIZED CARDON SIEEL FIFE & IUDE F	aye i	

VI. HEALTH HAZARD DATA
NOTE: Steel products under normal conditions do not present an inhalation, ingestion, or contact health hazard. However, operations such as burning, welding, sawing, brazing, grinding, and possibly machining, etc., which result in elevating the temperature of the product to or above its melting point or result in the generation of airborne particulates, may present health hazards.
EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:
MAJOR EXPOSURE HAZARD
INHALA- TION SKIN CONTACT EYE CONTACT INGESTION
Chronic inhalation of high concentrations of iron oxide fumes or dusts may lead to a benign pneumoconiosis (siderosis). Inhalation of high concentrations of ferric oxide may possibly enhance the risk of lung cancer development in workers exposed to pulmonary carcinogens.
The inhalation of high concentrations of freshly formed oxide fumes and dusts of Manganese, Copper, Lead and/or Zinc in the respirable particle size range can cause an influenza-like illness termed metal fume fever. Typical symptoms last 12 to 48 hours and are characterized by metallic taste in the mouth, dryness and irritation of the throat, followed by weakness, muscle pain, and chills. No long term effects of metal fume fever have been noted.
EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES
For overexposure to airborne fumes and particulates, remove exposed person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult or has stopped, administer artificial respiration or oxygen as indicated. Seek medical attention promptly.
Treat metal fume fever by bed rest, and administer a pain and fever reducing medication.
VII. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES
NOT APPLICABLE TO STEEL IN THE SOLID STATE.
VIII. SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION
RESPIRATORY: For welding or burning - NIOSH/MSHA - approved dust and fume respirators should be used to avoid
excessive inhalation of particulates. Appropriate respirator selection depends on the magnitude of exposure. SKIN:
Protective gloves should be worn as required for welding, burning or handling operations.
EYE:
Use safety glasses or goggles as required for welding, burning, or handling operations. VENTILATION: Local exhaust ventilation should be provided when sawing, grinding or machining to prevent excessive dust
or fume exposure. During welding, burning or brazing please follow the ANSI Standard Z49.1 "Safety in Welding and Cutting".
OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:
Depending upon the conditions of use and specific work situations, additional protective equipment and/or clothing may be required to control exposures.
IX. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE. Operations with the potential for generating high concentrations of airborne particulates should be evaluated and controlled as necessary. Avoid breathing metal fumes and/or dusts.
OTHER COMMENTS:
MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Individuals with chronic respiratory disorders (i.e.: asthma, chronic bronchitis, emphyseme, etc.) may be adversely affected by any fume or airborne particulate matter exposure.

THIS INFORMATION IS TAKEN FROM SOURCES OR BASED UPON DATA BELIEVED TO BE RELIABLE: HOWEVER, ALLIED TUBE & CONDUIT CORPORATION MAKES NO WARRANTY AS TO THE ABSOLUTE CORRECTNESS OR SUFFICIENCY OF ANY OF THE FOREGOING OR THAT ADDITIONAL OR OTHER MEASURES MAY NOT BE REQUIRED UNDER PARTICULAR CONDITIONS.